AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY AUGUST 4, 2014 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 25, 2014 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 16, 2014 AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 21, 2014

SENATE BILL

No. 1077

Introduced by Senator DeSaulnier

(Coauthor: Assembly Member Lowenthal)

February 19, 2014

An act to add and repeal Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 3090) of Division 2 of, and to repeal Chapter 7 (commencing with former Section 3100) of Division 2 of, the Vehicle Code, relating to vehicles.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1077, as amended, DeSaulnier. Vehicles: mileage-based fee pilot program.

Existing law establishes the Transportation Agency, which consists of the Department of the California Highway Patrol, the California Transportation Commission, the Department of Motor Vehicles, the Department of Transportation, the High-Speed Rail Authority, and the Board of Pilot Commissioners for the Bays of San Francisco, San Pablo, and Suisun.

This bill would establish a Mileage-Based Fee (MBF) Task Force within the California Transportation Commission, as specified. The bill would require the task force to study MBF alternatives to the gas tax and to make recommendations to the Department of Transportation and the commission on the design of a pilot program, as specified. The bill would also authorize the task force to make recommendations on the criteria to be used to evaluate the pilot program. The bill would require

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the task force to consult with specified entities and to consider certain factors in carrying out its duties. The bill would require the commission to approve the design of a pilot program by January 1, 2016. The bill would require the Transportation Agency, based recommendations of the task force, to develop and design approved by the commission, to implement a pilot program by January 1, 2016, to identify and evaluate issues related to the potential implementation of a an MBF program in California by January 1, 2017. The bill would require the agency to prepare and submit a report of its findings to the task force, the commission, and the appropriate fiscal and policy committees of the Legislature by no later than June 30, 2017, January 1, 2018, as specified. The bill would also require the commission to include its recommendations regarding the pilot program in its annual report to the Legislature, as specified. The bill would repeal these provisions on January 1, 2018 2019.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares all of the 2 following:
- 3 (a) An efficient transportation system is critical for California's economy and quality of life.
 - (b) The revenues currently available for highways and local roads are inadequate to preserve and maintain existing infrastructure and to provide funds for improvements that would reduce congestion and improve service.
- 9 (c) The gas tax is an ineffective mechanism for meeting 10 California's long-term revenue needs-for all of the following reasons because it will steadily generate less revenue as cars 11 12 become more fuel efficient and alternative sources of fuel are identified. By 2030, as much as half of the revenue that could have 13 14 been collected will be lost to fuel efficiency. Additionally, bundling fees for roads and highways into the gas tax makes it difficult for 15 users to understand the amount they are paying for roads and 16 17 highways.
- 18 (d) Other states have begun to explore the potential for a mileage-based fee to replace traditional gas taxes, including the

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State of Oregon, which established the first permanent road user fee program in the nation.

- (e) A mileage-based fee program has the potential to distribute the gas tax burden across all vehicles regardless of fuel source and to minimize the impact of the current regressive gas tax structure.
- (f) Experience to date in other states across the nation demonstrates that mileage-based user fees can be implemented in a way that ensures data security and maximum privacy protection for drivers.
- (g) It is therefore important that the state begin to explore alternative revenue sources that may be implemented in lieu of the antiquated gas tax structure now in place.
- (h) Any exploration of alternative revenue sources shall take into account the privacy-implications, implications into account, especially-those of with regard to location data, which-need not be does not need to be personally identifiable to raise serious privacy concerns because studies have shown-it that this type of data is easy to reidentify.
- SEC. 2. Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 3090) is added to Division 2 of the Vehicle Code, to read:

CHAPTER 7. MILEAGE-BASED FEE PILOT PROGRAM

- 3090. (a) The Mileage-Based Fee (MBF) Task Force is hereby established within the California Transportation Commission.
- (b) The purpose of the task force is to guide the development and evaluation of a pilot program to assess the potential for mileage-based revenue collection for California's roads and highways as an alternative to the gas tax system.
 - (c) The task force shall consist of 15 members, as follows:
- (1) Two members of the Assembly, appointed by the Speaker of the Assembly.
- (2) Two members of the Senate, appointed by the Senate Committee on Rules.
- (3) Two members of the commission, appointed by the chairperson of the commission.
- (4) Nine members appointed by the Governor. In making these appointments, the Governor shall consider individuals who are representative of the telecommunications industry, highway user groups, the data security and privacy industry, privacy rights

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advocacy organizations, regional transportation agencies, and national research and policymaking bodies, including, but not limited to, the Transportation Research Board and the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials.

- (d) Members of the task force are entitled to compensation-and expenses as authorized by the commission of one hundred dollars (\$100) per day, if a majority of the commission approves the compensation by a recorded vote, plus the necessary expenses incurred by a member in the performance of his or her duties. Compensation earned by members of the commission while serving on the task force shall not be subject to the eight hundred dollars (\$800) limitation described in Section 14509 of the Government Code
- (e) The Department of Transportation shall provide staff to the task force.
- (e) Pursuant to Section 14512 of the Government Code, the task force may request the Department of Transportation to perform such work as the task force deems necessary to carry out its duties and responsibilities.
- (f) The task force shall study MBF alternatives to the gas tax. The task force shall gather public comment on issues and concerns related to the pilot program and shall make recommendations to the department and the commission on the design of a pilot program to test alternative MBF approaches. The task force may also make recommendations to the department and the commission on the criteria to be used to evaluate the pilot program. The commission shall approve the design of a pilot program by January 1, 2016.
- (g) In studying alternatives to the current gas tax system and developing recommendations on the design of a pilot program to test alternative MBF approaches pursuant to subdivision (f), the task force shall take all of the following into consideration:
- (1) The availability, adaptability, reliability, and security of methods that might be used in recording and reporting highway use.
- 36 (2) The necessity of protecting all personally identifiable 37 information used in reporting highway use.
 - (3) The ease and cost of recording and reporting highway use.

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(4) The ease and cost of administering the collection of taxes and fees as an alternative to the current system of taxing highway use through motor vehicle fuel taxes.

(5) Effective methods of maintaining compliance.

- (6) The ease of reidentifying location data, even when personally identifiable information has been removed from the data.
- (7) Risks for Increased privacy concerns when location data is used in conjunction with other technologies, such as automatic license plate readers.
- (8) Public and private agency access, including law enforcement, to data collected and stored for purposes of the MBF to ensure individual privacy rights are protected pursuant to Section 1 of Article I of the California Constitution.
- (h) The task force shall consult with highway users and transportation stakeholders, including representatives of vehicle users, vehicle manufacturers, and fuel distributors as part of its duties pursuant to subdivision (g).
- 3091. (a) Based on the recommendations of the MBF Task Force, design approved by the commission, the Transportation Agency shall develop and implement, by January 1, 2016, implement a pilot program to identify and evaluate issues related to the potential implementation of an MBF program in California by January 1, 2017.
- (b) At a minimum, the pilot program shall accomplish all of the following:
- (1) Analyze alternative means of collecting road usage data, including at least one alternative that does not rely on electronic vehicle location data.
- (2) Collect a minimum amount of personal information including location tracking information, necessary to implement the MBF program.
- (3) Ensure that processes for collecting, managing, storing, transmitting, and destroying data are in place to protect the integrity of the data and safeguard the privacy of drivers.
- (c) The agency shall not disclose, distribute, make available, sell, access, or otherwise provide for another purpose, personal information or data collected through the MBF program to any private entity or individual unless authorized by a court order, as part of a civil case, by a subpoena issued on behalf of a defendant in a criminal case, by a search warrant, or in aggregate form with

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1 all personal information removed for the purposes of academic 2 research.

- 3092. (a) The Transportation Agency shall prepare and submit a report of its findings based on the results of the pilot program to the MBF Task Force, the California Transportation Commission, and the appropriate policy and fiscal committees of the Legislature by no later than June 30, 2017 January 1, 2018. The report shall, shall include, but not be limited to, a discussion of all of the following issues:
- 10 (1) Cost.

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- (2) Privacy, including recommendations regarding public and private access, including law enforcement, to data collected and stored for purposes of the MBF to ensure individual privacy rights are protected pursuant to Section 1 of Article I of the California Constitution.
- 16 (3) Jurisdictional issues.
- 17 (4) Feasibility.
- 18 (5) Complexity.
- 19 (6) Acceptance.
- 20 (7) Use of revenues.
 - (8) Security and compliance, including a discussion of processes and security measures necessary to minimize fraud and tax evasion rates.
 - (9) Data collection technology, including a discussion of the advantages and disadvantages of various types of data collection equipment and the privacy implications and considerations of the equipment.
 - (10) Potential for additional driver services.
- 29 (11) Implementation issues.
 - (b) The California Transportation Commission shall include its recommendations regarding the pilot program in its annual report to the Legislature as specified in Sections 14535 and 14536 of the Government Code.
- 34 3093. This chapter shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2018, 2019, and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that is enacted before January 1, 2018, 2019, deletes or extends that date.

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- SEC. 3. Chapter 7 (commencing with former Section 3100) of Division 2 of the Vehicle Code is repealed.